

## Amendments to the Specification

Amend paragraph [0033], last line, as follows.

[0033] Fig. 8 (a) is a graph of the  $x_2$  amplitudes as a function of driving frequency for the dual mass oscillator showing the effect of variations in mass ratio  $\mu_x = (m_2 + m_3) / m_1$ .

Amend paragraph [0103], third line, as follows.

[0103] The degree of mechanical amplification depends on the ratio of the resonance frequencies of the isolated active system 38 and passive mass-spring system 40, namely  $\gamma_x = \omega_{2x} / \omega_{1x} = (k_{2x}m_1/k_{1x}(m_2 + m_3))^{1/2}$ . The optimal frequency ratio  $\gamma_x$  has to be determined such that  $\gamma_x$  is high enough for high mechanical amplification, and high oscillation amplitudes of passive mass as illustrated in the graph of Fig. 8(b). From the optimal values of  $\mu_x$  and  $\omega_{1x}$ , the drive direction spring constant  $k_{1x}$  of the active mass 16 is obtained. Finally, the damping conditions of the overall device have to be checked to verify that damping values are in the region where the response gain in the antiresonance region is insensitive to damping variations as illustrated by the graph of Fig. 9.